

**Grammar: Passive Voice: Fill-in-the-blank – Use the chart in the Grammar PDF and enter the past participle for the verb in parentheses**

**Gramática: Voz pasiva: Rellenar en blanco: utilice el gráfico en el PDF de gramática e introduzca el participio anterior para el verbo entre paréntesis**

**Gramática: Voz passiva: preencha o espaço em branco - use a tabela no PDF da gramática e insira o participio passado do verbo entre parênteses**

1. My keys were (to find) found at the hotel.
2. My (to break) \_\_\_\_\_ phone is in my purse.
3. My wallet was (to steal) \_\_\_\_\_ by the thief.
4. My arm was (to hurt) \_\_\_\_\_ in the fight.
5. Where is my (to lose) \_\_\_\_\_ suitcase?
6. The museum was (to visit) \_\_\_\_\_ by them.

**Grammar: Passive Voice: Look at each sentence. Mark the 'subject' with an S, the 'object' with an O, and the verb with a V. Change the sentence from active to passive.**

**Gramática: Voz pasiva: Mira cada oración. Marque el 'sujeto' con una S, el 'objeto' con una O, y el verbo con una V. Cambia la oración de activa a pasiva.**

**Gramática: Voz passiva: observe cada frase. Marque o "sujeito" com um S, o "objeto" com um O e o verbo com um V. Altere a frase de ativo para passivo.**

1. The cat fights the dog. The dog is fought by the cat.  
                  S    V        O
2. Mary lost her phone. \_\_\_\_\_
3. The teacher needs some books. \_\_\_\_\_
4. A car is breaking my phone. \_\_\_\_\_
5. The tourist visited the cemetery. \_\_\_\_\_
6. John saw some keys. \_\_\_\_\_
7. He found my purse. \_\_\_\_\_
8. Math confuses the boy. \_\_\_\_\_
9. They are looking for my keys. \_\_\_\_\_
10. The thief fights the police. \_\_\_\_\_

**Grammar: there is/are:** Look at the sentence. Decide if the subject is plural or singular. Hint: plural *usually* ends in 's'. If it is singular, write 'is' in the blank. If it is plural write 'are'.

**Gramática: hay/ hay:** Mira la oración. Decida si el tema es plural o singular. Sugerencia: el plural *suele* terminar en 's'. Si es singular, escriba 'is' en blanco. Si es plural escribir 'are'.

**Gramática: existe / há:** Veja a frase. Decida se o assunto é plural ou singular. Dica: o plural *geralmente* termina em 's'. Se for singular, escreva 'is' em branco. Se for plural, escreva 'are'.

1. There is a fire.
2. There \_\_\_\_\_ kittens.
3. There \_\_\_\_\_ a bus.
4. There \_\_\_\_\_ busses.
5. There \_\_\_\_\_ a thief!
6. There \_\_\_\_\_ a problem.

**Grammar: Imperative:** Read each sentence. Cross out the subject. Underline the verb. Then rewrite the sentence using imperative. Add 'please'.

**Gramática: Imperativo:** Lea cada oración. Tache el sujeto. Subraye el verbo. Entonces vuelva a escribir la oración usando el imperativo. Añada "please".

**Gramática: Imperativo:** Leia cada frase. Riscar o assunto. Sublinhe o verbo. Em seguida, reescreva a frase usando o imperativo. Adicione 'please'.

1. ~~John~~ visits the castle. Visit the castle, please.
2. The thief steals the purse. \_\_\_\_\_
3. Mary goes to the police. \_\_\_\_\_
4. The man fights the thief. \_\_\_\_\_
5. They are looking for food. \_\_\_\_\_
6. You find my keys. \_\_\_\_\_
7. You eat your hat. \_\_\_\_\_
8. They sit down. \_\_\_\_\_

**Grammar: you understood: Read the following questions. Cross out the subject. Underline the verb. Then rewrite the sentence without the subject.**

**Gramática: entendiste: Lee las siguientes preguntas. Tacha el tema. Subraya el verbo. A continuación, vuelva a escribir la frase sin el sujeto.**

**Gramática: você entendeu: Leia as seguintes perguntas. Riscar o assunto. Sublinhe o verbo. Em seguida, reescreva a frase sem o assunto.**

1. Do ~~you~~ need a ride? Need a ride? \_\_\_\_\_
2. Do you want some water? \_\_\_\_\_
3. Do you have any keys? \_\_\_\_\_
4. Are you going to the tower? \_\_\_\_\_
5. Are you lost? \_\_\_\_\_
6. Are you hurt? \_\_\_\_\_
7. Did you find your wallet? \_\_\_\_\_
8. Have you got my phone? \_\_\_\_\_